

History Builder (by the end of ...)

Year 2		Year 4		Year 6	
Questions (Learning)	Answers (Knowledge)	Questions (Learning)	Answers (Knowledge)	Questions (Learning)	Answers (Knowledge)
<p>Inventions What does chronological order mean? What is a timeline? What are the Wright Brothers famous for? Who invented the telephone? What did films not have when they first started? Name 2 music devices people used before the year 200. What is an artefact? What are the origins of the game Ring a Roses? Kings and Queens Why did King Henry change the law of his country? What relation was Queen Elizabeth 1st to Henry VII Who was the longest reigning monarch prior to Queen Elizabeth 2nd? Who founded the Victoria and Albert museum in London? Why did people move from farms to cities during the Victorian times? Which queen's coronation was televised for the first time? Which member of the Royal family died in 1997? Significant People and Events Who introduced the old world to the new world? Who was the first woman to fly across the Atlantic? What is Florence Nightingale remembered for? Who was a famous suffragette?</p>	<p>Inventions Chronological means order of events. A timeline shows events in order The Wright Brothers are famous for inventing flight. Alexander Graham Bell invented the telephone. Films were introduced with no sound. People listened to gramophones, record players and cassettes. An artefact is made by humans and is of historical interest. Ring a Roses was created during the great plague Kings and Queens He changed the country from Catholics to Protestants to marry again. Queen Elizabeth 1st was Henry's daughter Queen Victoria was the longest reigning queen before Queen Elizabeth 2nd Prince Albert founded the Victorian and Albert Museum People moved to cities from farms because factories opened. Queen Elizabeth 2nd's coronation was televised for the first time/ Princess Diana died in 1997. Significant People and Events Christopher Columbus introduced the old world to the new world. Amelia Earhart flew across the Atlantic. Florence Nightingale is remembered for revolutionising nursing. Emmeline Pankhurst</p>	<p>Ancient Egyptians What was the significance of the Sphinx in Egyptian times? Who cracked the Rosetta stone to help us read hieroglyphics? When and what did Howard Carter discover. Why was the River Nile so important to Ancient Egyptians? Chocolate Who discovered cocoa beans? Who developed Bourneville chocolate and village? Victorians What was the Industrial Revolution? How is Queen Elizabeth related to Queen Victoria? Why is Dr Barnardo a significant person in history? Which act was passed in the Victorian era that ensured the safety of child labourers? Where did people live if they were homeless during the Victorian period? Romans Why was Hadrian's wall built? Which famous wall survives from the Roman period in Leicester? Where in the country will you find the famous Roman Baths? Which roads in Leicester were paved during Roman times? In which order was Britain invaded? Who was King Alfred the Great? What is Sutton Hoo? Vikings Who unexpectedly attacked the monastery of Lindisfarne? What were the Vikings renowned for?</p>	<p>Ancient Egyptians The Egyptians built sphinx statues to guard tombs and temples. Jean-François Champollion cracked the Rosetta stone code. Howard Carter discovered the tomb of Tutankhamun in November 1922. River Nile was important to daily life: fishing, sailing, agriculture Chocolate Ancient Mayans discovered the coca bean. George Cadbury introduced Bourneville and was the founder of Bourneville. Victorians The Industrial Revolution was a time when the manufacturing of goods moved from small shops and homes to large factories Queen Elizabeth is Queen Victoria's great, great grandma. Dr Barnardo was the founder of many homes for poor children and started the charity Barnardo's. The Factory Act (1833) prohibited the employment of children. The Workhouse Romans Hadrian's Wall was a stone barrier built to separate the Romans and the Picts tribes in Scotland. It allowed Roman soldiers to control the movements of people coming into or leaving Roman Britain. Jewry Wall Roman Baths are in Bath Fosse Way and Gartree Road were paved during Roman times. Vikings Romans, Anglo Saxons and then Vikings Alfred the Great (849-899) was the most famous of the Anglo-Saxon kings. Despite overwhelming odds, he successfully defended his kingdom against the Vikings. At Sutton Hoo, are eleven mounds or 'barrows' dating back to the 7th century. In 1939 archaeologists discovered a ship buried in the mound. The Vikings attacked the monastery of Lindisfarne The Vikings were advanced sailors</p>	<p>Colonisation Who colonized America first? Which significant historical figure is associated with India's Independence? When did the British Raj end in India? Ancient Times Name 2 of the civilizations during the Mesopotamia period. Why did the Mayans build the stepped pyramid Kukulcan? WW2 Who were the two prime ministers during WW2? Who was the monarch during WW2? What was the Holocaust? What is the Blitz? How did the female role change during WW2? What does propaganda mean? In which decade did the Great Depression start? Britain since WW2 When did Queen Elizabeth become Queen? What is the Welfare State? When did England win the world cup? In which decade did the Falklands war occur? Which social factor was instrumental in the design of the min skirt? Ancient Greece Which were the two cities at war? What is the connection between Greece and the Olympics? Who was Aristotle? Who was the first lady Prime Minister in England?</p>	<p>Colonisation The Spanish colonized America first. Gandhi 1947 India became Independent Ancient Times Sumeria and Assyrian civilizations. The step pyramid served as a temple to the god <u>Kukulcan</u>. WW2 Neville Chamberlain and Winston Churchill King George The Holocaust, also known as the Shoah,^(b) was the World War II genocide of the European Jews. The Blitz, (1940–1941), night-time bombing raids against London and other British cities by Nazi Germany during World War II. Women began working in factories because men had to go to war. Propaganda means information, especially of a biased or misleading nature to promote a political cause. The Great Depression began in the 1930s. Britain since WW2 Elizabeth became queen in 1953. The Welfare State a system that protects the health of its citizens, especially those in financial or social need, England won the World Cup in 1966. The Falklands occurred during the 1980s. Lack of fabric was instrumental in design of mini skirt. Ancient Greece Athens and Sparta The origins of the Olympics are from ancient Greece. Aristotle was a Greek philosopher during the Classical period in Ancient Greece. Margaret Thatcher</p>

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